

Traffic Signs



- 1) 1. You must make a right turn only
2. You must not make a left turn
3. Hidden intersection ahead.
4. You are approaching a traffic island.

1. ਸਿਰਫ ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ।
2. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਖੱਬੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਲੁਕਵਾਂ ਚੌਕ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਸੀਮੈਂਟ ਦੀ ਪਟੜੀ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ

2



- 2) 1. Pass to right of traffic island
2. Road turns right then left
3. Winding road ahead
4. Pass other traffic on the right.

1. ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਵਾਲੀ ਪਟੜੀ ਤੋਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਰੱਖੋ।
2. ਸੜਕ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਫਿਰ ਖੱਬੇ ਮੁੜਦੀ ਹੈ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਮੋੜ ਹੈ।
4. ਦੂਸਰੀਆਂ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਮੁੜਨ ਦਿਓ।

1



- 3) 1. Stop sign ahead
2. Yield right-of-way.
3. Dead end street ahead.
4. Slow moving vehicle ahead.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਰੁਕਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ।
2. ਦੂਸਰਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਜਾਣ ਦਿਓ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਬੰਦ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਹੌਲੀ ਚਲਣ ਵਾਲੀ ਗੱਡੀ ਜਾ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।

4



- 4) 1. Construction sign-slow down-obey flagman's directions
2. A construction sign replacing flagman on duty.
3. Regulatory sign-reduce speed
4. This sign warns of highway work operations ahead.

1. ਸੜਕ ਦੀ ਮੁਰੰਮਤ ਚਲ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ, ਹੌਲੀ ਕਰਕੇ ਝੰਡੀ ਵਾਲੇ ਦੇ ਇਸ਼ਾਰੇ ਤੇ ਚਲੋ।
2. ਝੰਡੀ ਵਾਲੇ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਤੇ ਸੜਕ ਦੀ ਮੁਰੰਮਤ ਹੋਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਲੱਗਾ ਹੈ।
3. ਗੱਡੀ ਹੌਲੀ ਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਲੱਗਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਇਸ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਦਾ ਮਤਲਬ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਸਾਵਧਾਨ ! ਅੱਗੇ ਕੰਮ ਚਲ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।

4



- 5) 1. Road slippery when wet.
2. No right turn permitted
3. No left turn permitted.
4. You must not make a 'U' Turn

1. ਗਿੱਲੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੜਕ ਤਿਲਕਣੀ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ।
2. ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜਨਾ ਮਨ੍ਹਾ ਹੈ।
3. ਖੱਬੇ ਮੁੜਨਾ ਮਨ੍ਹਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਯੂ ਟਰਨ ਮਾਰਨੀ ਮਨ੍ਹਾ ਹੈ।

4



- 6) 1. Traffic signals ahead
2. Stop sign 150 meters (500 feet) ahead.
3. Bump 125 meters (400 feet) ahead.
4. Railway crossing ahead.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਬੱਤੀਆਂ ਆ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਹਨ।
2. 150 ਮੀਟਰ [500 ਫੁੱਟ] ਦੀ ਦੂਰੀ ਤੇ ਰੁਕਣ ਦਾ ਨਿਸ਼ਾਨ ਹੈ।
3. 125 ਮੀਟਰ [400 ਫੁੱਟ] ਦੀ ਦੂਰੀ ਤੇ ਉੱਚੀ ਨੀਵੀਂ ਸੜਕ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਰੇਲ ਦਾ ਫਾਟਕ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।

1



- 7) 1. Destination board
2. School zone- watch for children playing
3. Provincial park
4. Pedestrian control sign meaning no active games.

1. ਵੱਖ ਵੱਖ ਰਸਤਿਆਂ ਤੇ ਜਾਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਸਕੂਲ ਹੈ, ਬੱਚਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਧਿਆਨ ਰੱਖੋ।
3. ਪਾਰਕ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ
4. ਤੁਰਨ ਵਾਲਿਆਂ ਵਾਸਤੇ, ਖੇਡ ਨਹੀਂ ਸਕਦੇ।

1



- 8) 1. You are approaching a four way intersection.
2. You are approaching a railway crossing.
3. You are approaching a hospital zone.
4. You are approaching a pedestrian crosswalk.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਚੁਰਸਤਾ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
2. ਰੇਲ ਦੀ ਪਟੜੀ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਹਸਪਤਾਲ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਪੈਦਲ ਚੱਲਣ ਵਾਲਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਰਸਤਾ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।

2



- 9) 1. School area ahead
2. Railway crossing ahead.
3. You must give the right-of-way.
4. You have a right-of-way.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਸਕੂਲ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਰੇਲ ਦੀ ਪਟੜੀ ਹੈ
3. ਦੂਸਰਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਹਿਲਾ ਜਾਣ ਦਿਓ
4. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਪਹਿਲਾ ਜਾਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।

3



- 10) 1. Stop sign 150 meters (500 feet) ahead.
2. Bump 120 meters (400 feet) ahead.
3. Stop all times.
4. Stop only if other vehicles are approaching

1. 150 ਮੀਟਰ [500 ਫੁੱਟ] ਦੀ ਦੂਰੀ ਤੇ ਰੁਕਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
2. 120 ਮੀਟਰ [400 ਫੁੱਟ] ਦੀ ਦੂਰੀ ਤੇ ਸੜਕ ਉੱਚੀ ਬਣੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ ।
3. ਹਮੇਸ਼ਾ ਰੁਕੋ ।
4. ਅਗਰ ਕੋਈ ਗੱਡੀ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਰੁਕ ਜਾਵੋ ।

3



- 11) 1. No entry into intersection.
2. This sign means no stopping.
3. Vehicles approaching from the angle shown must stop.
4. Need to stop for stop signs in directions of arrows.

1. ਇੱਥੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਦਾਖਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੇ ।
2. ਇੱਥੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਗੱਡੀ ਖੜੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰ ਸਕਦੇ ।
3. ਇਸਾਰੇ ਵਾਲੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਤੋਂ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਰੁਕਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।
4. ਇਸਾਰੇ [ਤੀਰ] ਵਾਲੀ ਦਿਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਲੱਗੇ ਰੁਕਣ ਦੇ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਤੇ ਰੁਕਣਾ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਨਹੀਂ ।

2



- 12) 1. Do not enter.
2. Do not enter unless local traffic.
3. Means a traffic circle ahead.
4. Do not pass

1. ਦਾਖਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੇ ।
2. ਸਿਰਫ ਨੇੜੇ ਜਾਣ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਹੀ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਚੌਂਕ ਬਣਿਆ ਹੋਇਆ ਹੈ ।
4. ਦੂਸਰੀ ਗੱਡੀ ਤੋਂ ਅੱਗੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਲੰਘ ਸਕਦੇ ।

1



- 13) 1. Hidden intersection ahead.
2. Winding road ahead.
3. Road slippery when wet.
4. Narrow road ahead.

1. ਲੁਕਵਾਂ ਚੁਰਸਤਾ ਅੱਗੇ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਵਿੰਗੀ ਟੇਢੀ ਸੜਕ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
3. ਗਿੱਲੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੜਕ ਤਿਲਕਣੀ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਤੰਗ ਸੜਕ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।

2



- 14) 1. Stop sign.
2. Yield sign.
3. Slow moving vehicle
4. School bus stop arm

1. ਰੁਕਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
2. ਰਸਤਾ ਦੇਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
3. ਹੌਲੀ ਚਲਣ ਵਾਲੀ ਗੱਡੀ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
4. ਸਕੂਲ ਬੱਸ ਦਾ ਰੁਕਣ ਵਾਲਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।

4



- 15) 1. Playground zone sign
2. Children playing in residential area.
3. School zone sign.
4. Directional sign for children.

1. ਖੇਡ ਦੇ ਮੈਦਾਨ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਵਸੋਂ ਵਾਲੇ ਹਲਕੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਬੱਚੇ ਖੇਡ ਰਹੇ ਹਨ ।
3. ਸਕੂਲ ਦਾ ਏਰੀਆ ਹੈ ।
4. ਬੱਚਿਆਂ ਵਾਸਤੇ ਵੱਖ ਵੱਖ ਪਾਸਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।

3



- 16) 1. Factory, slow down.
2. Bump or uneven pavement
3. Construction zone.
4. Bridge or viaduct.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਫੈਕਟਰੀ ਹੈ ਹੌਲੀ ਹੋ ਜਾਵੇ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਉੱਚੀ ਨੀਵੀਂ ਸੜਕ ਹੈ
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਤੇ ਮੁਰੰਮਤ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਪੁੱਲ ਹੈ ।

2



- 17) 1. Divided highway ahead.
2. Divided highway ends.
3. Narrow bridge ahead.
4. Road under construction.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਵੰਡੀ ਬਣੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਪੰਧੀ ਖਤਮ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਤੰਗ ਪੁੱਲ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਤੇ ਕੰਮ ਚਲ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।

1



- 18) 1. Lane usage sign meaning right turn only.
2. Lane usage sign permitting all turns including left.
3. No parking from arrows to corner
4. Advance warning danger.

1. ਇਸ ਲੇਨ ਤੇ ਸਿਰਫ ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ ।
2. ਇਸ ਲੇਨ ਤੋਂ ਸਾਰੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ, ਖੱਬੇ ਵੀ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ ।
3. ਇਸ ਮੋੜ ਤੇ ਗੱਡੀ ਪਾਰਕ ਕਰਨਾ ਮਨ੍ਹਾ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਤੇ ਖਤਰਾ ਹੈ ।

1



- 19) 1. Divided highway ends.
2. Narrow bridge ahead
3. Road under construction.
4. Divided highway ahead.

1. ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਪੰਧੀ ਖਤਮ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਤੰਗ ਪੁੱਲ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਤੇ ਮੁਰੰਮਤ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਪੰਧੀ ਬਣੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ ।

1



- 20) 1. Bumpy road ahead
2. Pavement ends 500 feet ahead
3. Warns of a steep hill ahead
4. Safety checks ahead.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਉੱਚੀ ਨੀਵੀਂ ਬਣੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ ।
2. ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਕਿਨਾਰੇ ਵਾਲੀ ਪੰਧੀ 500 ਫੱਟ ਦੀ ਦੂਰੀ ਤੇ ਖਤਮ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
3. ਸਾਵਧਾਨੀ ਨਾਲ ਅੱਗੇ ਬਹੁਤ ਉਤਰਾਈ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਚੈਕ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਹਨ ।

3



- 21) 1. You must not make a right turn
2. You are approaching traffic signal lights.
3. You must not make left turn.
4. You are approaching a stop sign.

1. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਬੱਤੀਆਂ ਆ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਹਨ ।
3. ਖੱਬੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਮੁੜ ਸਕਦੇ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਰੁਕਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।

4



- 22) 1. Road ahead slippery when wet.
2. Bumpy road ahead.
3. Winding road ahead.
4. Railway crossing ahead.

1. ਗਿੱਲੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੜਕ ਤਿਲਕਣੀ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਉੱਚੀ ਨੀਵੀਂ ਸੜਕ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਵਿੰਗੀ ਟੇਡੀ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਰੇਲ ਦੀ ਪਟੜੀ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।

1



- 23) 1. Divided highway ahead
2. You are approaching a one-way street?
3. Hidden intersection ahead
4. Pavement narrows.

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਪੰਧੀਬਣੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਸਿਰਫ ਇਕ ਪਾਸੇ ਨੂੰ ਚਲਣ ਦਾ ਰਸਤਾ ਹੈ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਲੁਕਵਾਂ ਚੁਰਸਤਾ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਪਟੜੀ ਤੰਗ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।

4



- 24) 1. Intersection for school vehicles
2. School crosswalk sign.
3. Caution-school bus crossing
4. Regulatory sign.

1. ਸਕੂਲ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਵਾਲਾ ਚੌਕ ਹੈ।
2. ਸਕੂਲ ਦੇ ਬੱਚਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਲੰਘਣ ਦਾ ਰਸਤਾ ਹੈ।
3. ਸਾਵਧਾਨ! ਸਕੂਲ ਬੱਸ ਲੰਘਣ ਦਾ ਰਸਤਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਮਰਿਯਾਦਾ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ।

4



- 25) 1. Construction zone 1 km ahead
2. Bumpy road ahead
3. Narrow bridge ahead
4. Winding road ahead

1. ਇਕ ਕਿਲੋਮੀਟਰ ਤੇ ਸੜਕ ਦਾ ਕੰਮ ਚਲ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
2. ਸੜਕ ਉੱਚੀ ਨੀਵੀਂ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਤੰਗ ਪੁੱਲ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਵਿੰਗੀ ਟੇਢੀ ਸੜਕ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।

1



- 26) 1. Danger, sharp turn
2. Keep to left
3. Danger road ends.
4. Winding road ahead

1. ਖਤਰਾ! ਅੱਗੇ ਕੋਈ ਮੋੜ ਹੈ।
2. ਖੱਬੇ ਰਖੋ
3. ਸਾਵਧਾਨ! ਸੜਕ ਖਤਮ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਸੜਕ ਵਿੰਗੀ ਹੈ।

1



- 27) 1. You may pass me
2. I am slowing or stopping.
3. I am turning left
4. I am turning right

1. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਮੇਰੇ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਅੱਗੇ ਲੰਘ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ।
2. ਮੈਂ ਹੌਲੀ ਹੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ ਜਾਂ ਖੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
3. ਮੈਂ ਖੱਬੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
4. ਮੈਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।

3



- 28) 1. I am stopping.
2. I am slowing or stopping.
3. I am turning left.
4. I am turning right.

1. ਮੈਂ ਖੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
2. ਮੈਂ ਹੌਲੀ ਹੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ ਜਾਂ ਖੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
3. ਮੈਂ ਖੱਬੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
4. ਮੈਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।

2



- 29) 1. You may pass me
2. I am turning right
3. I am turning left
4. I am slowing or stopping

1. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਮੇਰੇ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਅੱਗੇ ਲੰਘ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ।
2. ਮੈਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
3. ਮੈਂ ਖੱਬੇ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।
4. ਮੈਂ ਹੌਲੀ ਹੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ ਜਾਂ ਮੁੜ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ।

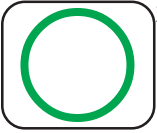
2



- 30) 1. You may exit if you remain in right hand lane.
2. End of highway, you must move into right hand lane
3. You must not drive in right hand lane under any circumstances
4. You must exit if you remain in right hand lane.

1. ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਦੀ ਲੇਨ ਤੋਂ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਬਾਹਰ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ।
2. ਸੜਕ ਬੰਦ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ, ਤੁਸੀਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਵਾਲੀ ਲੇਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋ ਜਾਵੋ।
3. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਦੀ ਲੇਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਗੱਡੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਚਲਾਉਣੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ।
4. ਅਗਰ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਸੱਜੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਦੀ ਲੇਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋ ਤਾਂ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਹਾਈਵੇ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਹਰ ਜ਼ਰੂਰ ਨਿਕਲਣਾ ਪਵੇਗਾ।

4



- 31) 1. No trucks
2. Route for large trucks
3. Permissive sign.
4. Truck route.

1. ਟਰੱਕਾਂ ਵਾਸਤੇ ਮਨਾਹੀ ਹੈ।
2. ਵੱਡੇ ਟਰੱਕਾਂ ਵਾਸਤੇ ਰਸਤਾ।
3. ਜਾਇਜ਼ ਤੌਰ ਤੇ ਜਾਣ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਹੈ।
4. ਟਰੱਕਾਂ ਵਾਸਤੇ ਰਸਤਾ।

3



- 32) 1. Do not enter unless local traffic.
2. Means a traffic circle ahead
3. Prohibited sign.
4. Do not enter roadway.

1. ਸਿਰਫ਼ ਲੋਕਲ ਗੱਡੀਆਂ ਹੀ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ।
2. ਅੱਗੇ ਚੌਕ ਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
3. ਮਨਾਹੀ ਦਾ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ।
4. ਇਸ ਸੜਕ ਤੇ ਦਾਖਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੇ।

3



- 33) 1. Hidden intersection
2. Right lane ends
3. You are approaching a steep hill.
4. Pedestrian crossing ahead

1. ਅੱਗੇ ਲੁਕਵਾਂ ਚੌਕ ਹੈ।
2. ਸੱਜੇ ਵਾਲੀ ਲੇਨ ਬੰਦ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
3. ਅੱਗੇ ਬਹੁਤ ਜ਼ਿਆਦਾ ਚੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਤੁਰਨ ਵਾਲਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਰਸਤਾ ਹੈ।

2



- 34) 1. Maximum speed of 50 kilometers (30 miles) per hour from this sign to next sign.
2. Speed limit for rural school zones
3. End of 50 kilometers (30 miles) per hour zone.
4. Maximum speed of 50 kilometers (30 miles) per hour ahead.

1. ਵੱਧ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਰਫਤਾਰ 50 ਕਿਲੋਮੀਟਰ [30 ਮੀਲ] ਹੈ।
2. ਬਸਤੀ ਵਾਲੇ ਏਰੀਏ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਕੂਲ ਦੀ ਜਗ੍ਹਾ ਤੇ ਰਫਤਾਰ ਦੀ ਹੱਦ।
3. 50 ਕਿਲੋਮੀਟਰ [30 ਮੀਲ] ਰਫਤਾਰ ਦਾ ਏਰੀਆ ਖਤਮ ਹੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ।
4. ਅੱਗੇ ਜਾ ਕੇ ਵੱਧ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਰਫਤਾਰ 50 ਕਿਲੋਮੀਟਰ [30 ਮੀਲ] ਫੀ ਘੰਟੇ ਦੀ ਹੈ।

4

CLASS A WRITTEN TEST

-
1. **How can you ensure that the vehicle has passed an annual inspection?** (A)
- a. A valid inspection sticker is affixed to the vehicle
 - b. Does not require proof
 - c. As stated by the operator
 - d. Has to be forwarded to MTO (Ministry of Transportation)
-
2. **A police or appointed ministry officer has the authority to perform a safety inspection:** (B)
- a. Only at an inspection station
 - b. At any time and any location
 - c. Only on public roadway
 - d. During daylight hours only
-
3. **A properly completed daily inspection report contains:** (C)
- a. Appropriate schedule
 - b. Daily log
 - c. The signature of the driver or person completing the report
 - d. Delivery schedule
-
4. **You must ensure that the following items are secure on the vehicle:** (B)
- a. Only items being transported for paid compensation
 - b. The entire load including items such as gas cans and wheel chocks
 - c. Only the load and direct attachments
 - d. None, load security is the responsibility of operator not driver
-
5. **A front tire fails an inspection if the tread on two adjacent grooves anywhere on the tire are:** (B)
- a. Less than 1.5 millimetres (0.06 inches)
 - b. Less than 3 millimetres (0.12 inches)
 - c. Less than 6 millimetres (0.24 inches)
 - d. Less than 15 millimetres (0.59 inches)
-
6. **What is the minimum number of consecutive off-duty hours you must take after accumulating 13 hours driving time?** (B)
- a. 7 hours
 - b. 8 hours
 - c. 9 hours
 - d. 10 hours
-
7. **Three of the following four are good practices before backing. Which is not?** (B)
- a. Sound horn
 - b. Inform operator or complete paperwork
 - c. Turn off radio/phone
 - d. Open windows
-
8. **Which of the following steps do you perform after you raise and secure the landing gear?** (B)
- a. Perform tug test to check connection
 - b. Supply air to trailer and test service brake
 - c. Visual inspection of fifth wheel connection
 - d. Attach air and electric lines to trailer
-
9. **After the jaws lock when coupling, you should:** (A)
- a. Perform tug test, then visually confirm coupling is secure

- b. Inspect lights and drive away
c. Rely on fellow driver to inspect the connection
d. Raise the landing gear and drive away

(A)

10. This sign means:

- a. No truck over 6.5 metres in length in this lane
b. No trucks taller than 6.5 metres permitted in this lane
c. This lane is a truck route
d. No truck in this lane



(B)

11. After stopping on an uphill grade, when rejoining traffic you should:

- a. Keep the clutch slipping while slowly accelerating
b. Hold the vehicle using the parking brakes until the clutch engages
c. Let the vehicle roll backwards before you engage the clutch
d. Disengage the clutch while reviving the engine

(A)

12. The main reason you should check under the hood is:

- a. To verify fluid levels
b. To check spark plugs
c. To ensure lightning system is functioning
d. To verify engine compartments

(C)

13. This sign means:

- a. No truck parking
b. Truck route
c. No trucks permitted
d. Low bridge clearance



(B)

14. When backing up the tractor to couple with the trailer, you must:

- a. Back from an angle
b. Ensure the fifth wheel slot is in line with the trailer kingpin
c. Not use mirrors to confirm alignments
d. Ensure the fifth wheel is touching and against the kingpin

15. The maximum length of a combination vehicle is:

- a. 17 metres (56 feet)
b. 19 metres (62 feet)
c. 23 metres (75 feet)
d. 28 metres (92 feet)

(C)

16. Many commercial motor vehicles have a speed limiting system which limits their maximum speed to:

- a. 85 km/h
b. 95 km/h
c. 105 km/h
d. 115 km/h

(C)

17. Dangerous goods transported on Ontario's roads and highways are identified:

- a. By markings and safety labels for each classification of dangerous goods
b. Dangerous goods are not labeled
c. With a red circle
d. With a green square

(A)

18. If during the course of a trip you discovers a minor defect, you must:

(A)

- a. Record on a daily report, inform operator and monitor condition
- b. Record on a daily report for checking at next daily inspection
- c. Inform operator, no further action required
- d. Monitor vehicle condition, no further action required

19. Three of the following activities are considered on-duty, which one is off-duty?

(A)

- a. Time spent in a sleeper berth
- b. Driving
- c. Loading and unloading
- d. Performing a daily inspection

20. When making a right turn to prevent the wheels from going over the curb or sidewalk, you should;

(B)

- a. Sound the horn
- b. Proceed well into the intersection before turning right
- c. Activate the four-way flashers
- d. Flash the rear brake lights

21. After a daily inspection, you discover the vehicle does not have any working brake lamps. What must you do?

(D)

- a. No further action is required
- b. Record the minor defect and proceed while monitoring the condition of the vehicle
- c. Record the major defect and proceed
- d. Record the major defect and do not operate the vehicle until the defect is repaired

22. You can be required to attend a truck inspection station at the request of a:

(D)

- a. Mechanic
- b. Fellow truck driver
- c. Tow truck driver
- d. Police officer

23. Before reversing you should:

(A)

- a. Exit the vehicle and check the path the vehicle will take
- b. Flash the brake lights only
- c. Sound horn only
- d. Check the rear view mirrors only

24. When your wheels have been in for service, it is important that you:

(C)

- a. Tell the wheel installer to tighten the wheels to a level higher than specification
- b. Tell the wheel installer to use lubricant
- c. Have the securement rechecked after driving between 80 km and 160 km
- d. Inspect the wheels the following day

25. You cannot drive a commercial motor vehicle after accumulating how many on-duty hours in a seven day cycle?

(C)

- a. 50 hours
- b. 60 hours
- c. 70 hours
- d. 80 hours

26. When approaching a roundabout you must:

(B)

- a. Stop prior to roundabout to perform traffic check

- b. Ensure your vehicle is in the appropriate lane for both entry and exit
- c. Enter directly beside another vehicle already in a roundabout
- d. Increase speed to enter the roundabout

(C)

27. Anti-lock braking systems (ABS):

- a. Prevent wheel lock and may reduce steering control
- b. Cause wheel lock and may not shorten vehicle stopping distance
- c. Prevent wheel lock and but may not shorten vehicle stopping distance
- d. Cause wheel lock to shorten vehicle stopping distance

28. The maximum width of a commercial motor vehicle, including the load, shall not exceed:

(C)

- a. 1.6 metres (5.2 feet)
- b. 2.0 metres (6.5 feet)
- c. 2.6 metres (8.5 feet)
- d. 5.0 metres (16.4 feet)

29. When approaching an intersection and you notice the roadway beyond is blocked with traffic, you should:

(C)

- a. Sound horn to warn vehicles ahead to move on
- b. Keep as close as possible to the vehicle ahead
- c. Stop before entering the intersection and wait until traffic ahead moves on
- d. Proceed into the intersection until the traffic ahead clears

30. This sign means:

- a. Truck overturning
- b. Trucks carrying dangerous goods permitted
- c. Black diamond route
- d. Truck route



(B)

31. Which of the following items are checked at a truck inspection station

(C)

- a. Vehicle is clean
- b. Fluids levels
- c. Height, length and width of the load
- d. Sealed cargo

32. The driver of which of the following vehicles must adhere to hours of service regulations:

(A)

- a. Commercial motor vehicles over 4,500 kg
- b. Tow trucks over 3,000 kg
- c. Transit buses over 3,500 kg
- d. Motor homes over 5,000 kg

33. To ensure brakes are functioning normally, you should test the brakes:

(C)

- a. Whenever convenient
- b. At the first intersection
- c. Immediately after the vehicle is underway
- d. After the first 10 km of operation

34. The easiest and safest backing manoeuvre is:

(A)

- a. Straight backing
- b. Parallel backing
- c. Alley dock backing
- d. Offset drivers side backing

35. As a driver you should minimize possible development of a dangerous situation by: (B)
- a. Driving only during daylight hours
 - b. Checking traffic as far down the roadway as possible
 - c. Keeping your attention focused immediately in front of your vehicle
 - d. Driving only during night time hours

36. When uncoupling a trailer, after having lowered the landing gear you should: (C)
- a. Test trailer brake lights
 - b. Apply the tractor protection valve
 - c. Disconnect air and electrical connections and stow them
 - d. Lower the fifth wheel

37. A licensed driver learning to operate a commercial motor vehicle must: (D)
- a. Obtain permission from the ministry before making arrangements for instruction
 - b. Drive only during daylight hours
 - c. Own a commercial motor vehicle
 - d. Be accompanied by a driver who is licensed to drive that vehicle

38. When the driver of another vehicle is about to overtake and pass your vehicle, you must: (A)
- a. Move to the right and allow such vehicle to pass
 - b. Signal the other driver not to pass
 - c. Move to the left to prevent passing
 - d. Speed up so that passing is not necessary

39. This sign means: (C)
- a. Cement factory ahead
 - b. Industrial zone on the right
 - c. Truck entrance on the right side of the road ahead
 - d. Construction zone ahead



40. When rounding a right curve on a highway with a tractor-trailer, you should: (D)
- a. Flash the brake lights
 - b. Keep the front of the vehicle close to the right edge of the highway
 - c. Accelerate to carry momentum into the curve
 - d. Keep the front wheels to the left side of the lane

41. If driving over the centre line while making a right hand turn, you must: (D)
- a. Only signal the turn and check the mirrors
 - b. After signaling, immediately take the right-of-way
 - c. Sound the horn and move quickly to straddle the lanes
 - d. Yield to traffic, signal the turn and ensure a safe manoeuvre

42. If during the course of a trip you discover a minor defect, you must: (A)
- a. Record on daily report, inform operator and monitor condition
 - b. Record on daily report for checking at next daily inspection
 - c. Inform operator, no further action required
 - d. Monitor vehicle condition, no further action required

43. Which of the following is true when driving in a roundabout: (D)
- a. Requires a much faster speed
 - b. Other drivers entering after you have the right of way
 - c. Larger vehicles always have the right of way
 - d. The vehicle in the roundabout has right of way

44. This sign means:

- a. Steep downgrade ahead
- b. Apply brakes on downhill
- c. 18% of vehicle must slow down
- d. Vehicles must slow down by 18%



(A)

45. The main reason you should check under the hood is:

- a. To verify fluid levels
- b. To check spark plugs
- c. To ensure lighting system is functioning
- d. To verify engine compartments

(B)

46. When flares or reflectors are required to mark a disabled commercial motor vehicle on a highway, you must place them:

- a. 15 metres (50 feet) to front and rear
- b. 30 metres (100 feet) to front and rear
- c. 60 metres (200 feet) to front and rear
- d. 90 metres (300 feet) to front and rear

47. What documentation is not required by the Highway Traffic Act to be carried in a commercial motor vehicle?

- a. The legible copy of the CVOR certificate
- b. The vehicle registration or a true copy
- c. Original insurance certificate
- d. Safety standard certificate

(D)

48. After you detect and record a major defect on your daily inspection report, you must:

- a. Inform the operator and do not operate the vehicle until defect is repaired
- b. Inform the operator and proceed
- c. Schedule the repair and proceed
- d. No further action is required

(A)

49. Who is permitted to change a tire on a commercial motor vehicle?

- a. Driver
- b. Tow truck driver
- c. Certified tire installer
- d. Owner/Operator

(C)

50. When a daily log is required, you must track:

- a. On-duty time only
- b. Off-duty time only
- c. Driving time only
- d. All duty status time

(D)

51. Before descending a steep hill, a good safe driving practice is to:

- a. Place the gearshift in neutral
- b. Turn off the ignition
- c. Slow down or gear down
- d. Disengage the clutch and coast

(C)

52. Any load which projects from the rear of the vehicle by 1.5m (5 feet) or more must be marked with:

(C)

- a. A yellow flag or marker in daylight, a blue light at night
- b. A red flag or marker in daylight, amber light at night
- c. A red flag or marker in daylight, a red light at night
- d. A blue flag or marker in daylight, a yellow light at night

53. When starting to move a loaded tractor-trailer, the vehicle should be put in: (B)

- a. The highest available gear
- b. The lowest available gear
- c. Doesn't matter as long as the vehicle moves
- d. The second lowest available gear

54. When uncoupling, the landing gear should: (B)

- a. Be lowered before brakes are set or wheels are chocked
- b. Be lowered onto firm ground
- c. Be lowered to raise trailer 6 inches (15 cm) above tractor height
- d. Be lowered after the trailer is uncoupled

55. When are you required to carry the daily inspection report and applicable schedule? (D)

- a. When you are off-duty
- b. When vehicle is in for repair
- c. When the inspection sticker is less than one month old
- d. At all times

56. What factor does not affect the maximum allowable gross weight of a commercial vehicle? (B)

- a. The weight allowed on the steering axle
- b. Cargo weight
- c. The distance between the axles
- d. The number of axles

57. This sign means:

- a. Watch for tipping vehicles
- b. Speed bump ahead
- c. Slippery road ahead
- d. Slow down around curve



58. Allowing the clutch to slip will result in: (B)

- a. A faster acceleration when the vehicle is loaded
- b. Damage due to overheating
- c. A longer lasting clutch
- d. Electrical problems

59. When climbing a steep hill and your speed is reduced you should: (A)

- a. Continue driving and activate four-way flashers during ascent
- b. Continue at slow speed while ignoring following traffic
- c. Use left signal to let following traffic know that it is safe to pass
- d. Move to the left to prevent passing

60. Which of the following would be considered a minor defect when conducting a daily inspection? (D)

- a. Flat tire
- b. Exhaust leaks into the cab
- c. Broken leaf springs
- d. Broken clearance lamps

61. What is the maximum number of hours you can drive in a day?

- a. 10 hours
- b. 12 hours
- c. 13 hours
- d. 15 hours

(C)

62. To safely complete a turn you should:

- a. Should horn to warn pedestrians
- b. Touch brakes to warn following vehicles
- c. Proceed slowly and monitor rear wheels of vehicle to avoid curbs, edges and other objects
- d. Alternate high and low beams to warn oncoming vehicles

(C)

63. When you perform a daily inspection and find no defects, what must you do?

- a. Skip the daily inspection report and proceed
- b. Complete and sign the daily inspection report
- c. Inform operator and do not proceed
- d. Call the mechanic and schedule an appointment

(B)

64. The purpose of a central apron in a roundabout is to:

- a. Create an extra lane for all traffic
- b. Add a visible finish to the inner and outer edges
- c. Allow rear wheels to ride over right hand or outside curb
- d. Allow the rear wheels to mount the centre portion of the roadway

(D)

65. When can you drive the vehicle after identifying a major defect?

- a. Only after the defect is repaired
- b. Until end of day
- c. Until next daily inspection
- d. Only after it is reported

(A)

66. You may notice excessive lash or free play which may indicate a defect in:

- a. Brake chamber
- b. Suspension
- c. Tire tread
- d. Steering

(D)

67. This sign means:

- a. No truck parking in this lane
- b. No trucks in this lane
- c. This lane is a truck route
- d. No buses in this lane



(B)

68. What is the maximum number of hours that a daily inspection report is valid for:

- a. 12 hours
- b. 24 hours
- c. 36 hours
- d. 48 hours

(B)

69. You must inspect the load securement and make necessary adjustments after:

- a. 80 Km
- b. 100 Km
- c. 150 Km

(A)

70. Who is responsible for ensuring that loads are secured while in operation: (D)
- The dispatcher
 - The shipper
 - The owner
 - The driver
71. A good safe driving practice on a multi-lane highway is to: (A)
- Manage your blind spot and keep adequate space
 - Always drive slower than surrounding traffic to make it easier for traffic to pass
 - Follow other vehicles as closely as possible to make it easier for traffic to pass
 - Constantly change lanes
72. To assist you in performing the daily inspection, it is necessary to: (C)
- Inspect only major fault areas
 - Ignore items which have not been a problem
 - Follow a systematic approach, inspection sheet or applicable schedule
 - Memorize all the items to be checked
73. Gross weight of a commercial motor vehicle means: (D)
- The weight of the trailer without the load
 - The weight of the load
 - The weight of the vehicle
 - The combined weight of the vehicle and the load
74. Excessive free play or lash e.g., over 10cm (4 inches), may indicate to you that: (A)
- Steering needs repair or adjustment before proceeding
 - Front tires are too small
 - Minor defect should be noted
 - No action is required
75. When approaching a railway crossing and the signals lights are activated, you must stop: (A)
- 5 metres from the nearest rail
 - 10 metres from the nearest rail
 - 15 metres from the nearest rail
 - 20 metres from the nearest rail
76. The responsibility for the safe operating condition of a commercial motor vehicle is that of: (B)
- The police and the driver
 - The operator and the driver
 - The operator and the mechanic
 - The mechanic and the driver
77. The key principle in loading any cargo on a commercial vehicle is to ensure: (D)
- Load is all the way to the back over rear axle
 - Load is on driver side of trailer for ease of viewing
 - Load is on the passenger side of the vehicle to increase field of view
 - Load is balanced for safety and vehicle stability

78. This sign means:

- No trucks on route
- No black diamond route



(c)

- c. Trucks carrying dangerous goods are not permitted
- d. No trucks overturning

(B)

79. The maximum height of a commercial motor vehicle, including the load is:

- a. 3.75 metres (12.3 feet)
- b. 4.15 metres (13.6 feet)
- c. 4.85 metres (15.9 feet)
- d. 5.25 metres (17.2 feet)

(B)

80. If you are required to hook up a trailer at a remote location, you must:

- a. Hook up the trailer and immediately start the trip
- b. Perform a daily inspection on the trailer before operating the vehicle
- c. Perform a quick check for visible defects
- d. Call the operator to determine the trailer's condition

(D)

81. You are required to ensure that the brakes on the vehicle are not out-of-adjustment:

- a. It is not the driver's responsibility to ensure the brakes are in adjustment
- b. Once every 24 hours
- c. When you think the braking is inadequate
- d. At all times

(D)

82. After coupling, if any space appears between the upper plate of the trailer and fifth wheel, this indicates that:

- a. Landing gear can be raised
- b. Vehicle is ready to be driven
- c. Coupling is secure
- d. Coupling is not secure

83. This sign means:

(D)

- a. Truck green route
- b. No heavy trucks
- c. Trucks only
- d. Trucks permitted



84. This sign means:

(D)

- a. Drivers must not enter when lights flashing
- b. Inspection station closed when flashing
- c. All vehicles must report to inspection station
- d. All trucks must report to an inspection station when lights flashing



85. This sign means:

(B)

- a. Report to truck inspection station if over given weight
- b. Maximum gross vehicle weight for a bridge
- c. Only vehicles above posted weight may proceed
- d. Minimum weight for route



86. The person who cannot be charged with an offence for an overloaded vehicle is:

(C)

- a. The driver
- b. The shipper
- c. The receiver
- d. The operator

87. When reversing to couple a trailer, the fifth wheel opening must be in direct line with:

(D)

- a. The trailer apron plate
- b. The master link
- c. The landing gear
- d. The trailer kingpin

88. What distance must you maintain between commercial motor vehicles travelling in the same direction on a highway? (B)

- a. 30 metres (100 feet).
- b. 60 metres (200 feet).
- c. 90 metres (300 feet).
- d. 150 metres (500 feet).

89. When driving larger vehicles you must always be aware of the vehicle's height and width to ensure: (A)

- a. Adequate clearance is maintained at bridges and overpasses.
- b. A proper daily inspection is performed.
- c. The proper license fees are paid.
- d. Proper tires are on the vehicle.

90. A longer wheel base between the front wheels and the rear wheels of the vehicle creates: (A)

- a. More off-tracking.
- b. The same off-tracking.
- c. Less off-tracking.
- d. No change in off-tracking.

91. Before moving the tractor to couple with the trailer you must: (A)

- a. Inspect fifth wheel, trailer couplers and connectors.
- b. Listen for fifth wheel to latch into its locked position.
- c. Ensure fifth wheel sits above the kingpin.
- d. Ensure trailer lights are activated.

92. Prior to coupling you should check to ensure: (D)

- a. Fifth wheel is lying flat and jaws are fully closed
- b. Jaws are fully closed
- c. The fifth wheel is lying flat
- d. The fifth wheel is tilted back and jaws are fully opened

93. A rear tire fails and inspection if the tread on two adjacent grooves anywhere on the tire are: (A)

- a. Less than 1.5 millimetres (0.06 inches)
- b. Less than 3 millimetres (0.12 inches)
- c. Less than 6 millimetres (0.24 inches)
- d. Less than 15 millimetres (0.59 inches)

94. In order to transport dangerous goods, you must: (B)

- a. No qualification is required, just be very careful
- b. Be trained and certified by your employer
- c. Hold a dangerous goods license and endorsement
- d. Be an employee of the manufacturer only